Childhood Ataxia with Central Nervous System Hypomyelination: **EIF2B3 Gene Deletion/Duplication**

**Test Code:** WQ  
**Turnaround time:** 2 weeks  
**CPT Codes:** 81228 x1

### Condition Description

Childhood ataxia with central nervous system hypomyelination/vanishing white matter disease (CACH/VWM) is characterized by ataxia, spasticity, and variable optic atrophy. The phenotypes range from a prenatal/congenital form to a subacute infantile form (onset age <1 year), an early childhood-onset form (onset age 1-5 years), and an adult-onset form. The prenatal/congenital form is characterized by severe encephalopathy. In the later-onset forms, initial motor and mental development is normal or mildly delayed followed by progressive deterioration with a chronic progressive or subacute course. Chronic progressive decline can be exacerbated by rapid deterioration during febrile illnesses or following head trauma or major surgical procedures, or by acute psychiatric stresses such as extreme fright.

The diagnosis of CACH/VWM can be made with confidence in individuals with typical clinical findings, characteristic abnormalities on cranial MRI (cerebral hemispheric white matter that is symmetrically and diffusely abnormal with a signal intensity closer to or the same as cerebrospinal fluid), and identifiable mutations in one of five causative genes (**EIF2B1**, **EIF2B2**, **EIF2B3**, **EIF2B4**, and **EIF2B5**) encoding the five subunits of the eukaryotic translation initiation factor, eIF2B. Mutations have been found in approximately 90% of individuals with CACH/VWM using sequence analysis or mutation scanning. Affected individuals are homozygotes or compound heterozygotes for mutations within the same gene. The percentage of mutations found in each gene is as follows: **EIF2B1** 4%, **EIF2B2** 15%, **EIF2B3** 7%, **EIF2B4** 17%, **EIF2B5** 57%. Intrafamilial variability exists. Heterozygotes (carriers) are asymptomatic. No clinical or MRI abnormalities have been found in carriers for mutations in **EIF2B1-5**.

The prevalence of CACH/VWM is not known; it is considered one of the most common leukodystrophies. In a study of unclassified leukodystrophies in childhood, CACH/VWM was the most common. "Cree leukencephalopathy," described in the native North American Cree and Chipewyan indigenous population, is now recognized to be the same as the infantile form of CACH/VWM.

Testing is available for each gene individually or as a panel. Click here for the GeneTests summary on this condition.

### Genes

**EIF2B3**

### Indications

This test is indicated for:

- Confirmation of a clinical/biochemical diagnosis of CACH/VWM in individuals who have tested negative for sequence analysis
- Carrier testing in adults with a family history of CACH/VWM who have tested negative for sequence analysis

### Methodology

DNA isolated from peripheral blood is hybridized to a CGH array to detect deletions and duplications. The targeted CGH array has overlapping probes which cover the entire genomic region.

### Detection

Detection is limited to duplications and deletions. The CGH array will not detect point or intronic mutations. Results of molecular analysis must be interpreted in the context of the patient's clinical and/or biochemical phenotype.

### Specimen Requirements

**Submit only 1 of the following specimen types**

**Type: Whole Blood (EDTA)**

**Specimen Requirements:**  
EDTA (Purple Top)  
Infants and Young Children (2 years of age to 10 years old): 3-5 ml  
Older Children & Adults: 5-10 ml  
Autopsy: 2-3 ml unclotted cord or cardiac blood

**Specimen Collection and Shipping:**  
Ship sample at room temperature for receipt at EGL within 24 hours of collection. Do not refrigerate or freeze.

**Type: DNA, Isolated**

**Specimen Requirements:**  
Microtainer  
3µg  
Isolation using the Perkin Elmer™Chemagen™ Chemagen™ Automated Extraction method or Qiagen™ Puregene kit for DNA extraction is

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recommended.

**Specimen Collection and Shipping:**
Refrigerate until time of shipment in 100 ng/µL in TE buffer. Ship sample at room temperature with overnight delivery.

**Special Instructions**

Submit copies of diagnostic biochemical test results with the sample, if appropriate. Contact the laboratory if further information is needed.

Sequence analysis is required before deletion/duplication analysis by targeted CGH array. If sequencing is performed outside of EGL Genetics, please submit a copy of the sequencing report with the test requisition.

**Related Tests**

- Sequence analysis of the *EIF2B3* gene is available and is required before deletion/duplication analysis (WP).
- Sequence and deletion/duplication analysis of each of the *EIF2B1-5* genes is available individually for carrier testing in those individuals with a partner who is a known carrier.
- Prenatal testing is available to couples who are confirmed carriers of mutations. Please contact the laboratory genetic counselor to discuss appropriate testing prior to collecting a prenatal specimen.