**Condition Description**

Biotinidase deficiency, also called late-onset multiple carboxylase deficiency, is a disorder of biotin recycling (distinct from holocarboxylase synthase deficiency or early onset MCD). It is inherited in an autosomal recessive pattern with an estimated incidence of 1:60,000. Individuals with profound biotinidase deficiency (less than 10% of normal activity in serum) may exhibit seizures, hypotonia, alopecia, skin rash, hearing loss, developmental delay, keto-lactic acidosis and organic aciduria, if untreated. The biotinidase enzyme releases biotin from biotinylated peptides and biocytin. Deficiencies in biotinidase will result in the decreased levels of free biotin, impairing the activity of multiple biotin-dependent enzymes. Early diagnosis of the condition and supplementation with biotin may alleviate or prevent progress symptoms.

**Indications**

The biotinidase assay is used to rule out the disorder in clinically symptomatic patients and to confirm the abnormal biotinidase results from newborn screening.

**Methodology**

Colorimetric enzyme assay.

**Detection**

Diagnosis of biotinidase deficiency is made by measurement of biotinidase enzyme activity. Diagnosis of profound biotinidase deficiency by this method is very sensitive but carriers and partial biotinidase deficiency may not be detected.

**Reference Range**

5 - 10 nmol/min/ml.

**Specimen Requirements**

*Submit only 1 of the following specimen types*

**Type: Whole Blood (No additive)**

- **Specimen Requirements:**
  - No Additive (Red Top) or SST (Serum Separator Tube - no additives)
  - 3-5 ml

- **Specimen Collection and Shipping:**
  - Ship sample at room temperature for receipt at EGL within 24 hours of collection. Do not refrigerate or freeze. Not accepted on Saturday

**Type: Serum**

- **Specimen Requirements:**
  - Clean container without additives
  - 3-5 ml
  - Spin down, transfer, and ship frozen.

- **Specimen Collection and Shipping:**
  - Ship frozen sample on dry ice with overnight delivery.

**Special Instructions**

See above for instructions regarding control samples.

**Related Tests**

Organic acid analysis (OA) and plasma acylcarnitine (AR) analysis can be used to confirm the diagnoses of biotinidase deficiency.