Bardet-Biedl Syndrome: Sequencing Panel

Test Code: MM132
Turnaround time: 6 weeks
CPT Codes: 81406 x1

Condition Description

Bardet-Biedl syndrome (BBS) is a genetically heterogeneous disorder clinically characterized by the presence of photoreceptor dystrophy (rod-cone), postaxial polydactyly, truncal obesity, learning disabilities, hypogonadism in males, genital abnormalities in females, and renal abnormalities. A wide range of clinical variability may be observed and a variety of secondary features may also occur. BBS is most commonly inherited in an autosomal recessive manner.

For patient-friendly information on Bardet-Biedel syndrome, please visit [www.ThinkGenetic.com](http://www.ThinkGenetic.com).

References:
- OMIM
- GeneReviews

Genes

ALMS1, ARL6, BBS1, BBS10, BBS12, BBS2, BBS4, BBS5, BBS7, BBS9, CEP290, LZTFL1, MKKS, MKS1, SDCCAG8, TRIM32, TTC8, WDPCP

Indications

This test is indicated for:
- Confirmation of a clinical diagnosis of Bardet-Biedl syndrome.
- Carrier testing in adults with a family history of Bardet-Biedl syndrome.

Methodology

Next Generation Sequencing: In-solution hybridization of all coding exons is performed on the patient's genomic DNA. Although some deep intronic regions may also be analyzed, this assay is not meant to interrogate most promoter regions, deep intronic regions, or other regulatory elements, and does not detect single or multi-exon deletions or duplications. Direct sequencing of the captured regions is performed using next generation sequencing. The patient's gene sequences are then compared to a standard reference sequence. Potentially causative variants and areas of low coverage are Sanger-sequenced. Sequence variations are classified as pathogenic, likely pathogenic, benign, likely benign, or variants of unknown significance. Variants of unknown significance may require further studies of the patient and/or family members.

Detection

Clinical Sensitivity: Unknown. Pathogenic variants in the promoter region, some pathogenic variants in the introns and other regulatory element pathogenic variants cannot be detected by this analysis. Large deletions will not be detected by this analysis. Results of molecular analysis should be interpreted in the context of the patient's clinical and/or biochemical phenotype.

Analytical Sensitivity: ~99%.

Specimen Requirements

Submit only 1 of the following specimen types

Type: Whole Blood

Specimen Requirements:
- In EDTA (purple top) tube:
  - Infants (2 years): 3-5 ml
  - Older Children & Adults: 5-10 ml

Specimen Collection and Shipping: Ship sample at room temperature with overnight delivery.

Type: Isolated DNA

Specimen Requirements:
In microtainer: 60 ug

Isolation using the Qiagen™ Puregene kit for DNA extraction is recommended.

Specimen Collection and Shipping: Refrigerate until time of shipment in 100 ng/ul of TE buffer. Ship sample at room temperature with overnight delivery.

**Special Instructions**

Please include fundus photographs, electroretinogram (ERG) findings, visual field findings, and visual acuity, if available, for expert review and clinical correlation with test results.

**Related Tests**

- Eye Disorders: Comprehensive Sequencing and Deletion/Duplication Panels
- Bardet-Biedl Syndrome: Deletion/Duplication Panel