**XLMR with Epilepsy: ATP6AP2 Gene Sequencing**

**Test Code:** SATP2  
**Turnaround time:** 6 weeks  
**CPT Codes:** 81479 x1

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<th>Condition Description</th>
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Intellectual disability (ID) is a non-progressive cognitive impairment affecting 1-3% of the Western population. It is estimated that up to 50% of moderate-severe cases have genetic causes and approximately 10% are due to X-linked intellectual disability disorders (XLID). XLID can be syndromic or nonsyndromic and is observed in all ethnic groups. More than 100 XLID syndromes have been described in the literature to date. Fragile X is the most common XLID syndrome (~1 in 4000 males) while others can be quite rare with only a few patients reported in the literature. Males can have moderate to severe intellectual disability depending on the syndrome, and carrier females can also be affected, but typically have milder clinical symptoms.

Hedera et al. evaluated a family with intellectual disability and epilepsy that was inherited as an X-linked trait. Affected individuals had mild to moderate intellectual disability and tonic-clonic seizures. The age of onset for seizures varied from four to 14 months of age and the frequency ranged from 20 seizures per day to several seizures per month. There was no history of psychomotor regression once the seizures began. In addition to intellectual disability and seizures, the affected family members had developmental delay, speech delay, normal hearing, and no dysmorphic features.

A silent mutation (p.D107) in the ATP6AP2 (Xp11.4) gene was found to segregate in this family. This change was not identified in 1200 X-chromosomes of healthy controls.

For patients with suspected XLMR with epilepsy, sequence analysis is recommended as the first step in mutation identification. For patients in whom mutations are not identified by full gene sequencing, deletion/duplication analysis is appropriate.

**References:**
- **OMIM #300556:** ATP6AP2 gene
- **OMIM #300423:** XLMR with Epilepsy

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<th>Genes</th>
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ATP6AP2

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<th>Indications</th>
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This test is indicated for:
- Confirmation of a clinical diagnosis of XLMR with epilepsy.
- Carrier testing in adults with a family history of XLMR with epilepsy.

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<th>Methodology</th>
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PCR amplification of 9 exons contained in the ATP6AP2 gene is performed on the patient's genomic DNA. Direct sequencing of amplification products is performed in both forward and reverse directions, using automated fluorescence dideoxy sequencing methods. The patient's gene sequences are then compared to a normal reference sequence. Sequence variations are classified as mutations, benign variants unrelated to disease, or variations of unknown clinical significance. Variants of unknown clinical significance may require further studies of the patient and/or family members. This assay does not interrogate the promoter region, deep intronic regions, or other regulatory elements, and does not detect large deletions.

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<th>Detection</th>
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Clinical Sensitivity: Unknown. Mutations in the promoter region, some mutations in the introns and other regulatory element mutations cannot be detected by this analysis. Large deletions will not be detected by this analysis. Results of molecular analysis should be interpreted in the context of the patient's clinical and/or biochemical phenotype.

Analytical Sensitivity: ~99%

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<th>Specimen Requirements</th>
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Submit only 1 of the following specimen types

* Preferred specimen type: Whole Blood

**Type: Whole Blood**

Specimen Requirements:

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Disclaimer: This information is confidential and subject to change without notice. It may not be reproduced in whole or part unless authorized in writing by an authorized EGL representative.
In EDTA (purple top) tube:
Infants (2 years): 3-5 ml
Older Children & Adults: 5-10 ml

Specimen Collection and Shipping: Refrigerate until time of shipment. Ship sample within 5 days of collection at room temperature with overnight delivery.

**Type: Saliva**

Specimen Requirements:

Oragene™ Saliva Collection kit (available through EGL) used according to manufacturer instructions.

Specimen Collection and Shipping: Store sample at room temperature. Ship sample within 5 days of collection at room temperature with overnight delivery.

### Related Tests

- Deletion/duplication analysis of the *ATP6AP2* gene by CGH array is available for those individuals in whom sequence analysis is negative.
- Custom diagnostic mutation analysis (KM) is available to family members if mutations are identified by targeted mutation testing or sequencing analysis.
- Prenatal testing is available only for known familial mutations to individuals who are confirmed carriers of mutations. Please contact the laboratory genetic counselor to discuss appropriate testing prior to collecting a prenatal specimen.
- X-Linked Intellectual Disability panels are available for 30, 60, and 90 genes.