Mucopolysaccharidosis Type VII: *GUSB* Gene Sequencing

Test Code: SGUSB  
Turnaround time: 4 weeks  
CPT Codes: 81479 x 1

### Condition Description

Mucopolysaccharidosis type VII (MPS VII) is a member of a group of inherited metabolic disorders collectively termed mucopolysaccharidoses (MPSs). The MPSs are caused by a deficiency of lysosomal enzymes required for the degradation of mucopolysaccharides also called glycosaminoglycans (GAGs) within the lysosome. When functioning normally, the lysosomal enzymes break down these GAGs, however when the enzyme is deficient, the GAG build up in the lysosomes causing damage to the body’s tissues. The MPSs share a chronic progressive course with multisystem involvement, several physical features, laboratory findings, and radiographic abnormalities; these include facial coarsening, hepatomegaly, excretion of urinary GAG fragments, and leukocyte inclusion bodies.

Mucopolysaccharidosis type VII (MPS VII) is an autosomal recessive that occurs when certain mucopolysaccharides, specifically dermatan, heparan, and chondroitin sulfates accumulate in lysosomes due to a deficiency of the enzyme beta-glucuronidase. Unlike other lysosomal storage disorders in which patients begin life with a period of normal development, patients with MPS VII have a high incidence of hydrops fetalis [1]. Clinical features of MPS VII vary widely between patients and include short stature, coarse facial features, hepatosplenomegaly, respiratory difficulties, hearing loss, and mental retardation.

Mutations in the *GUSB* gene cause deficiency of beta-glucuronidase leading to MPS VII. A pseudodeficiency allele, a mutation that reduce enzyme activity but does not cause disease, has been described [2] and will be detected by this sequencing analysis. Diagnostic sequencing analysis of the *GUSB* gene coding region is available for MPS type VII patients and their at-risk relatives on a clinical basis.

For patients with mutations not identified by full gene sequencing, a separate deletion/duplication assay is available using a targeted CGH array (NC).

For questions about testing for MPS VII, call the Emory Genetics Laboratory at (404) 778-8499 or (855) 831-7447. For further clinical information about lysosomal storage diseases, including management and treatment, call the Emory Lysosomal Storage Disease Center at (404) 778-8565 or (800) 200-1524.

### References:

### Genes

*GUSB*

### Indications

- Confirmation of a clinical diagnosis of MPS VII
- Prenatal testing for known familial mutations.
- Assessment of carrier status in high risk family members known mutation analysis.

### Methodology

PCR amplification of 12 exons contained in the *GUSB* gene coding region will performed on patient genomic DNA. Direct sequencing of amplification products is performed in both the forward and reverse directions using automated fluorescence dideoxy sequencing methods. Patient gene sequences are compared to a normal reference sequence. Sequence variations are then classified as mutations, benign variants unrelated to disease, or variations of unknown clinical significance. Variants of unknown clinical significance may require further studies of the patient and/or family members. This assay does not interrogate the promoter region, deep intronic regions, or other regulatory elements. Large deletions are not detected by this analysis.

### Detection

Clinical Sensitivity: 10/10 mutations identified in 5 patients [3], 4/4 mutations identified in 2 Caucasian patients [4], 34/34 mutations identified in 17 patients from various ethnic groups; Analytical Sensitivity: ~99%

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Prevalence: The estimated prevalence of all lysosomal storage disorders is 2-5 per 100,000. The prevalence of MPS VII is not specifically known, but is likely to be rare and may vary by ethnicity.

Targeted CGH Array:
Detection is limited to duplications and deletions. Array CGH will not detect point mutations or intronic mutations. Results of molecular analysis must be interpreted in the context of the patient's clinical and/or biochemical phenotype.

**Specimen Requirements**

Submit only 1 of the following specimen types

* Preferred specimen type: Whole Blood

**Type: Whole Blood**

Specimen Requirements:

In EDTA (purple top) or ACD (yellow top) tube:
Infants (2 years): 3-5 ml
Older Children & Adults: 5-10 ml

Specimen Collection and Shipping: Refrigerate until time of shipment. Ship sample within 5 days of collection at room temperature with overnight delivery.

**Type: Saliva**

Specimen Requirements:

Oragene™ Saliva Collection kit (available through EGL) used according to manufacturer instructions.

Specimen Collection and Shipping: Store sample at room temperature. Ship sample within 5 days of collection at room temperature with overnight delivery.

**Special Instructions**

Submit copies of diagnostic biochemical test results with the sample. Sequence analysis is required before deletion/duplication analysis by targeted CGH array. If sequencing is performed outside of Emory Genetics Laboratory, please submit a copy of the sequencing report with the test requisition. Contact the laboratory if further information is needed.

**Related Tests**

- Mucopolysaccharide Screen (Urine GAG) (GA)
- Lysosomal Enzyme Screening Panel (LS)
- Deletion/Duplication Assay is available separately for individuals where mutations are not identified by sequence analysis. Refer to the test requisition or contact the laboratory for more information.
- Known Mutation Analysis (KM) is available to test family members.
- Prenatal testing is available for known familial mutations only. Please call the Laboratory Genetic Counselor for specific requirements for prenatal testing before collecting a fetal sample.